

# WELCOME TO OUR PRACTICE!

Please fill out completely and bring with you to the Consultation Appointment!

Today's Date: \_\_\_\_\_ Name: \_\_\_\_\_

Home Address: \_\_\_\_\_  
City State Zip

DOB : \_\_\_\_\_ Age : \_\_\_\_\_ Home # : \_\_\_\_\_ Cell # : \_\_\_\_\_

Whom may we thank for referring you? \_\_\_\_\_ Work # : \_\_\_\_\_ Ext: \_\_\_\_\_

Other family seen by us: \_\_\_\_\_ E-Mail \_\_\_\_\_ SS # : \_\_\_\_\_

## Spouse Information

Name: \_\_\_\_\_

Employer: \_\_\_\_\_

Cell # : \_\_\_\_\_ Work # : \_\_\_\_\_

SS # : \_\_\_\_\_

DL # : \_\_\_\_\_

DOB : \_\_\_\_\_ E-Mail \_\_\_\_\_

## Employer Information

Name: \_\_\_\_\_

Address : \_\_\_\_\_

How long have you worked there? \_\_\_\_\_

When & Where are the best times to reach you? \_\_\_\_\_

Occupation : \_\_\_\_\_

## Dental Information

Present/Previous Dentist : \_\_\_\_\_

Address : \_\_\_\_\_

Phone # : \_\_\_\_\_

Last Visit : \_\_\_\_\_

## Emergency Contact

Name : \_\_\_\_\_

Relation: \_\_\_\_\_

Home # : \_\_\_\_\_ Cell # : \_\_\_\_\_

Work # : \_\_\_\_\_ Ext. : \_\_\_\_\_

## Primary Dental Insurance

Ins. Name : \_\_\_\_\_

Ins. Address : \_\_\_\_\_

Ins. Phone # : \_\_\_\_\_

Insured's Name: \_\_\_\_\_

Relationship to Pt: \_\_\_\_\_

Insured's Employer: \_\_\_\_\_

Insured's DOB: \_\_\_\_\_

Insured's SS # : \_\_\_\_\_

Orthodontic Coverage: YES NO

## Secondary Dental Insurance

Ins. Name : \_\_\_\_\_

Ins. Address : \_\_\_\_\_

Ins. Phone # : \_\_\_\_\_

Insured's Name: \_\_\_\_\_

Relationship to Pt: \_\_\_\_\_

Insured's Employer: \_\_\_\_\_

Insured's DOB: \_\_\_\_\_

Insured's SS # : \_\_\_\_\_

Orthodontic Coverage: YES NO

### Dental History

Why are you here today? \_\_\_\_\_  
 \_\_\_\_\_

Your current dental health is:      GOOD      FAIR      POOR

Have you ever had a serious/difficult problem associated with previous dental work?      YES      NO

Have you ever had any pain or tenderness in the jaw joint (TMJ/TMD)?      YES      NO

Do you like your smile?      YES      NO

Do your gums ever bleed?      YES      NO

How many times a week do you floss? \_\_\_\_\_

How many times a day do you brush? \_\_\_\_\_

### Have you ever had any of the following diseases or medical problems?

Y	N	Prosthesis	Y	N	Hist. Of Scarlet Fev.
Y	N	Heart Attack	Y	N	Congenital Heart Def.
Y	N	Cancer	Y	N	Convulsions/Epilepsy
Y	N	Diabetes	Y	N	Abnormal Bleeding
Y	N	Rheum. Fev.	Y	N	Artificial Valves
Y	N	HIV+/AIDS	Y	N	Heart Surg./Pacmk.
Y	N	Hemophilia	Y	N	Kidney/Liver Probs.
Y	N	Asthma	Y	N	Mitral Valve Prolapse
Y	N	Hepatitis	Y	N	Artificial bones/joints
Y	N	Tuberculosis	Y	N	Sev./Freq. Headaches
Y	N	Shingles	Y	N	Hi/Lo Blood Pressure
Y	N	Fever Blister	Y	N	Drug/Alcohol Abuse
Y	N	Venereal Dis.	Y	N	Blood Transfusion
Y	N	Ulcers/Colitis	Y	N	Anemia/Radiation Tmt.
Y	N	Heart Murm.	Y	N	Glaucoma
Y	N	Emphysema	Y	N	Difficulty Breathing
Y	N	Sinus Probs.	Y	N	Any Hospital Stays:
Y	N	Other: _____			

### Medical History

Do you have a personal physician?      YES      NO

Name: \_\_\_\_\_

Phone # : \_\_\_\_\_ Last Visit: \_\_\_\_\_

Your current physical health is:      GOOD      FAIR      POOR

Are you currently under the care of a doctor?      YES      NO

If YES above, please explain: \_\_\_\_\_  
 \_\_\_\_\_

Are you currently taking any prescription or non-prescription drugs?      YES      NO

### Are you allergic to any of the following?

Y	N	Aspirin	Y	N	Tetracycline
Y	N	Codeine	Y	N	Other: _____
Y	N	Latex			
Y	N	Penicillin			
Y	N	Erythromycin			
Y	N	Dental Anesthetics			

### For Women Only

Are you taking birth control pills?      YES      NO

Are you pregnant?      YES      NO      Week # : \_\_\_\_\_

Are you nursing?      YES      NO

**Our office is committed to meeting or exceeding the standards of infection control mandated by OSHA, the CDC, and the ADA.**

**I understand the information that I have given is correct to the best of my knowledge, that it will be held in the strictest confidence, and it is my responsibility to inform this office of any changes in my medical status. I also authorize the dental staff to perform the necessary dental services I may need during treatment.**

Signature: \_\_\_\_\_ Date: \_\_\_\_\_

**PAYMENT IS DUE IN FULL AT TIME OF SERVICE UNLESS PRIOR ARRANGEMENTS HAVE BEEN APPROVED.**

**\*\*\*OFFICE USE ONLY\*\*\*OFFICE USE ONLY\*\*\*OFFICE USE ONLY\*\*\***

I verbally reviewed the medical/dental information above with the parent/guardian and patient named herein.

Initials: \_\_\_\_\_ Date: \_\_\_\_\_ Doctor's comments: \_\_\_\_\_



# INFORMED CONSENT

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## for the Orthodontic Patient Risks and Limitations of Orthodontic Treatment

Successful orthodontic treatment is a partnership between the orthodontist and the patient. The doctor and staff are dedicated to achieving the best possible result for each patient. As a general rule, informed and cooperative patients can achieve positive orthodontics results. While recognizing the benefits of a beautiful healthy smile, you should also be aware that, as with all healing arts, orthodontic treatment has some limitations and potential risks. These are seldom serious

enough to indicate that you should not have treatment; however, all patients should seriously consider the option of no orthodontic treatment at all by accepting their present oral condition. Alternative to orthodontic treatment vary with the individual's specific problem, and prosthetic solutions or limited orthodontic treatment may be considerations. You are encouraged to discuss alternatives with doctor prior to beginning treatment.

Orthodontics and Dentofacial Orthopedics is the dental specialty that includes the diagnosis, prevention, interception and correction of malocclusion, as well as neuromuscular and skeletal abnormalities of the developing or mature orofacial structures.

An orthodontist is a dental specialist who has completed at least two additional years of graduate training in orthodontics at an accredited program after graduation from dental school.

# INFORMED CONSENT for the Orthodontic Patient

## Results of Treatment

Orthodontic treatment usually proceeds as planned, and we intend to do everything possible to achieve the best results for every patient. However, we cannot guarantee that you will be completely satisfied with your results, nor can all complications or consequences be anticipated. The success of treatment depends on your cooperation in keeping appointments, maintaining good oral hygiene, avoiding loose or broken appliances, and following the orthodontist's instructions carefully.

## Length of Treatment

The length of treatment depends on a number of issues, including the severity of the problem, the patient's growth and the level of patient cooperation. The actual treatment time is usually close to the estimated treatment time, but treatment may be lengthened if, for example, unanticipated growth occurs, if there are habits affecting the dentofacial structures, if periodontal or other dental problems occur, or if patient cooperation is not adequate. Therefore, changes in the original treatment plan may become necessary. If treatment time is extended beyond the original estimate, additional fees may be assessed.

## Discomfort

The mouth is very sensitive so you can expect an adjustment period and some discomfort due to the introduction of orthodontic appliances. Non-prescription pain medication can be used during this adjustment period.

## Relapse

Completed orthodontic treatment does not guarantee perfectly straight teeth for the rest of your life. Retainers will be required to keep your teeth in their new positions as a result of your orthodontic treatment. You must wear your retainers as instructed or teeth may shift, in addition to other adverse effects. Regular retainer wear is often necessary for several years following orthodontic treatment. However, changes after that time can occur due to natural causes, including habits such as tongue thrusting, mouth breathing, and growth and maturation that continue throughout life. Later in life, most people will see their teeth shift. Minor irregularities, particularly in the lower front teeth, may have to be accepted. Some changes may require additional orthodontic treatment or, in some cases, surgery. Some situations may require non-removable retainers or other dental appliances made by your family dentist.

## Extractions

Some cases will require the removal of deciduous (baby) teeth or permanent teeth. There are additional risks associated with the removal of teeth which you should discuss with your family dentist or oral surgeon prior to the procedure.

## Orthognathic Surgery

Some patients have significant skeletal disharmonies which require orthodontic treatment in conjunction with orthognathic (dentofacial) surgery. There are additional risks associated with this surgery which you should discuss with your oral and/or maxillofacial surgeon prior to beginning orthodontic treatment. Please be aware

that orthodontic treatment prior to orthognathic surgery often only aligns the teeth within the individual dental arches. Therefore, patients discontinuing orthodontic treatment without completing the planned surgical procedures may have a malocclusion that is worse than when they began treatment!

## Decalcification and Dental Caries

Excellent oral hygiene is essential during orthodontic treatment as are regular visits to your family dentist. Inadequate or improper hygiene could result in cavities, discolored teeth, periodontal disease and/or decalcification. These same problems can occur without orthodontic treatment, but the risk is greater to an individual wearing braces or other appliances. These problems may be aggravated if the patient has not had the benefit of fluoridated water or its substitute, or if the patient consumes sweetened beverages or foods.

## Root Resorption

The roots of some patients' teeth become shorter (resorption) during orthodontic treatment. It is not known exactly what causes root resorption, nor is it possible to predict which patients will experience it. However, many patients have retained teeth throughout life with severely shortened roots. If resorption is detected during orthodontic treatment, your orthodontist may recommend a pause in treatment or the removal of the appliances prior to the completion of orthodontic treatment.

## Nerve Damage

A tooth that has been traumatized by an accident or deep decay may have experienced damage to the nerve of the tooth. Also, the nerve of a tooth may die for no apparent reason, and this is known as "spontaneous pulpal necrosis." Orthodontic tooth movement may, in some cases, aggravate these conditions and cause root canal treatment to be necessary. In severe cases, the tooth or teeth, may be lost.

## Periodontal Disease

Periodontal (gum and bone) disease can develop or worsen during orthodontic treatment due to many factors, but most often due to the lack of adequate oral hygiene. You must have your general dentist, or if indicated, a periodontist monitor your periodontal health during orthodontic treatment every three to six months. If periodontal problems cannot be controlled, orthodontic treatment may have to be discontinued prior to completion.

## Injury From Orthodontic Appliances

Activities or foods which could damage, loosen or dislodge orthodontic appliances need to be avoided. Loosened or damaged orthodontic appliances can be inhaled or swallowed or could cause other damage to the patient. You should inform your orthodontist of any unusual symptoms or of any loose or broken appliances as soon as they are noticed. Damage to the enamel of a tooth or to a restoration (crown, bonding, veneer, etc.) is possible when orthodontic appliances are removed. This problem may be more likely when esthetic (clear or tooth colored) appliances have been selected. If damage to a tooth or restoration occurs, restoration of the involved tooth/teeth by your dentist may be necessary.

## Headgear

Orthodontic headgear can cause injury to the patient. Injuries can include damage to the face or eyes. In the event of injury or especially an eye injury, however minor, immediate medical help should be sought. Refrain from wearing headgear in situations where there may be a chance that it could be dislodged or pulled off. Sports activities and games should be avoided when wearing orthodontic headgear.

## Temporomandibular (Jaw) Joint Dysfunction

Problems may occur in the jaw joints, i.e., temporomandibular joints (TMJ), causing pain, headaches or ear problems. Many factors can affect the health of the jaw joints, including past trauma (blows to the head or face), arthritis, hereditary tendency to jaw joint problems, excessive tooth grinding or clenching, poorly balanced bite, and many medical conditions. Jaw joint problems may occur with or without orthodontic treatment. Any jaw joint symptoms, including pain, jaw popping or difficulty opening or closing, should be promptly reported to the orthodontist. Treatment by other medical or dental specialists may be necessary.

## Impacted, Ankylosed, Unerupted Teeth

Teeth may become impacted (trapped below the bone or gums), ankylosed (fused to the bone) or just fail to erupt. Oftentimes, these conditions occur for no apparent reason and generally cannot be anticipated. Treatment of these conditions depends on the particular circumstance and the overall importance of the involved tooth, and may require extraction, surgical exposure, surgical transplantation or prosthetic replacement.

## Occlusal Adjustment

You can expect minimal imperfections in the way your teeth meet following the end of treatment. An occlusal equilibration procedure may be necessary, which is a grinding method used to fine-tune the occlusion. It may also be necessary to remove a small amount of enamel in between the teeth, thereby "flattening" surfaces in order to reduce the possibility of a relapse.

## Non-Ideal Results

Due to the wide variation in the size and shape of the teeth, missing teeth, etc., achievement of an ideal result (for example, complete closure of a space) may not be possible. Restorative dental treatment, such as esthetic bonding, crowns or bridges or periodontal therapy, may be indicated. You are encouraged to ask your orthodontist and family dentist about adjunctive care.

## Third Molars

As third molars (wisdom teeth) develop, your teeth may change alignment. Your dentist and/or orthodontist should monitor them in order to determine when and if the third molars need to be removed.

## Allergies

Occasionally, patients can be allergic to some of the component materials of their orthodontic appliances. This may require a change in treatment plan or discontinuance of treatment prior to completion. Although very uncommon, medical management of dental material allergies may be necessary.

*continued on next page*

Patient or Parent/Guardian Initials \_\_\_\_\_





**\*\*ACKNOWLEDGEMENT OF RECEIPT OF PRIVACY NOTICE\*\***

(copy of HIPAA notice located in Reception Area)

I have been offered a copy of Jeff L. Rickabaugh, DDS,MDS,PA Notice of Privacy Practices; detailing how my health information may be used and disclosed as permitted under federal and state law.

I understand the contents of the Notice.

With Whom may we discuss your payment (i.e. parents, stepparents, ins, etc.)

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Patient/Guardian signature

Date

**\*\*\*IF NOT SIGNED BY PATIENT, PLEASE INDICATE RELATIONSHIP TO PATIENT\*\*\***

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Relationship to Patient

Guardian DOB

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**EXTERNAL USE ONLY**

If patient or patient's representative refuses to sign acknowledgement of receipt of notice, please document the date and time the notice was presented to the patient to sign below.

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Presented on: Date/time

By: (Name and Title)



"Practice Limited to Orthodontics"

### Social Media and Photographic Consent Form

I, \_\_\_\_\_ (patient giving consent and/or parent/guardian if under 18 years old age) hereby consent to the collection and use of my personal images by photography or video recording for use on Jeff L Rickabaugh DDS PA social media pages. I understand only first names will be posted with any photography or video posted containing personal images. I also understand that my consent can be withdrawn at any time via written request to Jeff L Rickabaugh DDS PA at 1551 Westbrook Plaza Drive, Suite 103, Winston Salem, NC 27103.

- I give consent
- I decline consent

\_\_\_\_\_  
Patient Name (please print)

\_\_\_\_\_  
Patient / Guardian if under 18 Sign \_\_\_\_\_ Date